**Unit 4 Title:** Respect for All Work

**Lesson Title:** Who Does What? **Lesson:** 4 of 4

**Grade Level: 12** 

**Length of Lesson:** 55-70 minutes

### Missouri Comprehensive Guidance and Counseling Domain:

CG7 Applying career exploration and planning skills in the achievement of life career goals.

### **Grade Level Standard (GLS):**

CD.7.C.12.a.i: Respect all work as important, valuable, and necessary in maintaining a global society.

### American School Counselor Association (ASCA) National Standard:

Career Development:

- A. Students will acquire the knowledge, attitude, interpersonal skills to help them understand and respect self and others.
- B. Students will make decisions set goals and take necessary action to achieve goals.

### Materials (include activity sheets and/ or supporting resources)

Myers/Briggs Type Indicator sheets -I/E; S/N; T/F; J/P

<u>Do What You Are</u>, by Paul D. Tieger & Barbara Barron (This lesson can be adapted using any Myers/Briggs Type Indicator materials)

10 Steps to Creating a Personal Career Plan - Worksheet

### **Show Me Standards: Performance Goals (check one or more that apply)**

X	Goal 1: Gather, analyze and apply information and ideas
	1. Develop questions and ideas to initiate and refine research
	2. Conduct research to answer questions and evaluate information and ideas
	4. Use technological tools and other resources to locate, select and organize
	information
X	Goal 2: Communicate effectively within and beyond the classroom
	3. Exchange information, questions and ideas while recognizing the perspectives of
	others
	6. Apply communications techniques to the job search and to the workplace
	7. Use technological tools to exchange information and ideas
X	Goal 3: Recognize and solve problems
	1. Identify problems and define their scope and elements
	2. Develop and apply strategies based o ways others have prevented or solved
	problems

Goal 4: Make decisions and act as responsible members of society

- 3. Analyze the duties and responsibilities of individuals in societies
- 6. Identify tasks that require a coordinated effort and work with others to complete those tasks
- 8. Explore, prepare for and seek educational and job opportunities

This lesson supports the development of skills in the following academic content areas.

Academic Content Area(s)

Specific Skill(s)

readenic Content mea(s)		Specific Skin(s)		
X	Communication Arts	<ul> <li>3. Reading and evaluating nonfiction works and material (such as biographies, newspapers, technical manuals)</li> <li>6. Participating in formal and informal presentations and discussions of issues and ideas</li> </ul>		
	Mathematics			
	Social Studies			
	Science			
	Health/Physical Education			
	Fine Arts			

**Enduring Life Skill(s)** 

X

X	Perseverance		Integrity	X	Problem Solving
	Courage		Compassion		Tolerance
	Respect	X	Goal Setting		

### **Lesson Measurable Learning Objectives:**

Students will show they understand their own personality type and how it relates to career choice and personal/social relationships by group discussion and completing worksheet.

### **Lesson Formative Assessment (acceptable evidence):**

Assessment should relate to the performance outcome for goals, objectives and GLSs. Assessment can be question answer, performance activity, etc.

Students will identify their personality types and discuss the value of each type in the world of work.

### **Lesson Preparation**

### **Essential Ouestions:**

What careers are important in maintaining a global society?

### **Engagement (Hook):**

Go through the 4 areas (I/E; S/N; T/F; J/P) of the Myers/Briggs Type Indicator and have students stand on a line where they feel they fit. Put the continuum on the board.

### **Procedures**

### **Instructor Procedures/Instructional Strategies: Instructor Procedures:**

1. Counselor hands out books and asks students to read through each characteristic and make sure they came up with the correct personality type.

- 2. Counselor may record each student's type while students read about their type.
- 3. Counselor will lead a discussion on types, using the plotted types on the board.
- 4. Counselor will review the material in chapter 6 that will explain the behavior of each type.
- 5. Counselor will instruct students on how to fill out the "10 Steps to Creating a Personal Career Plan" worksheet.
- 6. Counselor will make copies of worksheets and return originals to students.
- Conduct a discussion on how all personality types and careers are valuable in a global society.

### **Student Involvement/Instructional Activities:**

- 1. Students will read page 10-30 to verify their type and write their type on their worksheet. They will plot their type on the board using the chart on page 67. (May use a large piece of paper and record several classes on one with students writing their names.)
- 2. Students will read about their particular type/temperament. (Pages 32-64)
- 3. Students will declare their types/temperaments.
- 4. Students will listen and read along.
- 5. Students fill out worksheet and return to counselor.
- 6. Students will be able to sign up for a small group of their type to discuss career options if interested.
- 7. Students participate in discussion.

### **Teacher Follow-Up Activities**

Teacher may choose to use the information about students' personality types to group students for future group projects.

### **Counselor reflection notes (completed after the lesson)**

Counselor will collect worksheets and make copies for the student's portfolio and return originals to the student for their career research. Give the students time to research and return to the class to discuss any findings. Meet individually with students who are still having difficulties narrowing it down or making a decision.

### 10 Steps to Creating a Personal Career Plan

Adapted from Tieger & Barron (2007) Do What You Are

Your Name:	<u>Your Type :</u>	
	2 Key words phrases that are true about you and give a blind spot true about you and why. (Chapter 3)	an
Truth:		
	Example:	
weaknesses. Choose 2 (or of how you have used the		
WR Strength:	Example:	
WR Strength:		
WR Weakness:		
WR Weakness:	Example:	
2) 3) 4)		
below, of how one of your	t job or a past job you enjoyed write a situation, on the I top 5 (in Step 3) Satisfiers was met.	ines
writing or more general in	Think about your strongest interests like hiking, runnicerests such as music or business. In either case, identification much you would do them for free (if you could afford to)	ý

<b>Step 6-</b> Skills-Review the skills li examples of why you think so.	isted on page 355. Pick you top 3 skills and give
Skill	Example
Skill	
Skill	
Stop 8 Evaluating Your Care	eer Options-Analyze each career above asking
yourself the following quest	•
How well does it make use of m	
	ny work related strengths? (Step 2)
	criteria for career satisfaction? (Step 3)
Record your observations be	
questions you have about the ca out the answer to your question about the career you have chose	I Career-Learn as much as you can. List below areer you have chosen. The following are tips to finding as. Make note of one thing you will do to find out more en.
	?
<ul> <li>✓ Interview people alrea</li> <li>✓ Contact local colleges</li> </ul>	ady in the job. to find out programs in this field. Cost? Time?

- ontact local colleges to find out programs in this field. Cost? Time?
- ✓ Use Internet to research this career in different companies.
- ✓ Investigate geographical information, where the jobs are located.

Step 10-Develop a Customized Job Search Plan-Using the Internet, take this information about your type and find out more about the careers that interest you. (Pages 358-359 give examples of how to get started).

Research Career Options, Learn About Specific Companies, Locate Job Opportunities, Identify Educational Training, Network, Prepare and Post Resume.....(You have a good start. Step 10 is on your own!)

### **E**Extroverts

Are energized by being with others

Like being the center of attention

Act, then think

Tend to think out loud

Are easy to "read" or know; share personal information freely

Talk more than listen

Communicate with enthusiasm

Respond quickly; enjoy a fast pace

Prefer breadth to depth

### Introverts

Are energized by spending time alone

Avoid being the center of attention

Thinks things through inside their heads

Are more private; prefer to share personal information with a select few

Listen more than talk

Keep their enthusiasm to themselves

Respond after taking the time to think things through; enjoy a slower pace

Prefer depth to breadth

# **S**Sensors

Trust what is certain and concrete

Like new ideas only if they have a practical application

Value realism and common sense

Like to use and hone established skills

Tend to be specific and literal; give detailed descriptions

Present information in a step-by-step manner

Are oriented to the present

### N Intuitives

Trust inspiration and inference

Like new ideas and concepts for their own sake

Value imagination and innovation

Like to learn new skills; get bored easily after mastering skills

Tend to be general and figurative; use metaphors and analogies

Present information in leaps, in a roundabout manner

Are oriented toward the future

### **T**Thinkers

Step back; apply impersonal analysis to problems

Value logic, justice, and fairness; one standard for all

Naturally see flaws and tend to be critical

May be seen as heartless, insensitive, and uncaring

Consider it more important to be truthful than to be tactful

Believe feelings are valid only if they are logical

Are motivated by a desire for achievement and accomplishment

# **F**eelers

Step forward; consider the effect of actions on others

Value empathy and harmony; see the exception to the rule

Naturally like to please others

May be seen as overemotional, illogical, and weak

Consider it important to be tactful as well as truthful

Believe any feeling is valid

Are motivated by the desire to be appreciated

### **J**Judgers

Are happiest after decisions have been made

Have a "work ethic": work first play later (if there is time)

Set goal and work toward achieving them on time

Prefer knowing what they are getting into

Product oriented (emphasis is on completing the task)

Derive satisfaction from finishing projects

See time as a finite resource and take deadlines very seriously

### **P**erceivers

Happiest leaving their options open

Have play ethic; enjoy now, finish later (if there is time)

Change goals as new information becomes available

Like adapting to new situations

Process oriented (emphasis is on how the task is completed)

Derive satisfaction from starting projects

See time as a renewable resource and deadlines as elastic