Unit #1 Title: Individual and Group Differences

**Lesson Title:** Be a Problem Solving Star **Lesson 3** of 3

**Grade Level: 2** 

**Length of Lesson:** 20-30 minutes

#### Missouri Comprehensive Guidance Standard:

PS.2: Interacting with others in ways that respect individual and group differences

### **Grade Level Expectation (GLE):**

PS.2.C.02.a.i: Identify the steps of solving problems and conflicts with others.

#### American School Counselor Association National Standard (ASCA):

Personal/Social Development

A: Students will acquire the knowledge, attitude and interpersonal skills to help them understand and respect self and others.

#### Materials (include activity sheets and/ or supporting resources)

STAR problem solving steps handouts

**Show Me Standards: Performance Goals (check one or more that apply)** 

	Goal 1: Gather, analyze and apply information and ideas		
	Goal 2: Communicate effectively within and beyond the classroom		
X Goal 3: Recognize and solve problems 2. Develop and apply strategies based on ways others have prevented or solved probl 3. Develop and apply strategies based on one's own experience in preventing or solved problems			
	Goal 4: Make decisions and act as responsible members of society		

## This lesson supports the development of skills in the following academic content areas. Academic Content Area(s) Specific Skill(s)

X	Communication Arts	6. Participating in formal and informal presentations	
		and discussions of issues and ideas	
	Mathematics		
	Social Studies		
	Science		
	Health/Physical Education		
	Fine Arts		

#### **Enduring Life Skill(s)**

Perseverance	Integrity	X	Problem Solving
Courage	Compassion		Tolerance
Respect	Goal Setting		

## **Lesson Assessment (acceptable evidence):**

Students are able to use STAR to solve common problems in the classroom.

### **Lesson Preparation**

**Essential Questions:** What does it mean to utilize and accept personal responsibility in relationships?

**Engagement (Hook):** Counselor writes a math problem on the board to begin discussion of problem-solving using the STAR steps

#### **Procedures**

#### **Instructor Procedures:**

- 1. Counselor writes a math problem on the chalkboard or white board and asks the students what it is. What do you do with a math problem?
- 2. Counselor selects a student to come up and solve the math problem.
- 3. Counselor introduces the STAR steps for problem solving, giving each student a copy of the handout. Counselor talks about each of the items and elaborates.
  - **S** = Stop, when you have a problem you don't rush in with just any solution. You want to take time to look it over and figure out the right solution for the problem.
  - **T** = Think, take time to think about possibilities, and what could happen with each one.
  - **A** = Act, take the action you think is best for the situation.
  - **R** = Review, think about the choice you made, look it over and if you don't like the way it turned out go back and think again.
- 4. Counselor demonstrates how to use the STAR problem-solving steps to solve the math problem on the board, and then tells students that these same steps can be used to solve other problems we face every day.

## **Student Involvement:**

- 1. Students respond that it is a math problem, and you answer it or solve it.
- 2. A student volunteer solves the math problem.
- 3. Students look at the handout as the counselor explains the problem-solving steps

4. Students listen and ask questions for clarity.

5. Counselor gives an example of a problem, such as not being able to find a pencil, and takes the class through the STAR process to solve the problem, asking students for input along the way.	5. Students participate in deciding what to do for each of the STAR steps.
6. Counselor names other common problems such as forgotten lunch money or homework, etc. and has students participate in discussing how STAR can help solve the problems.	6. Students actively participate in using STAR to solve common problems.
7. Counselor names a common conflict such as someone cutting in line, and leads them through using the STAR process to solve the problem.	7. Students offer ideas and participate.
8. Counselor asks students to name other common conflicts, and then has students practice using STAR to solve the problems they have named.	8. Students as a group or in small groups practice using STAR to solve problems.

## **Teacher Follow-Up Activities**

Teacher posts STAR problem-solving steps in the classroom and refers students to them when problems arise.

Counselor reflection notes (completed after the lesson)			

# Be a problem-solving STAR

